

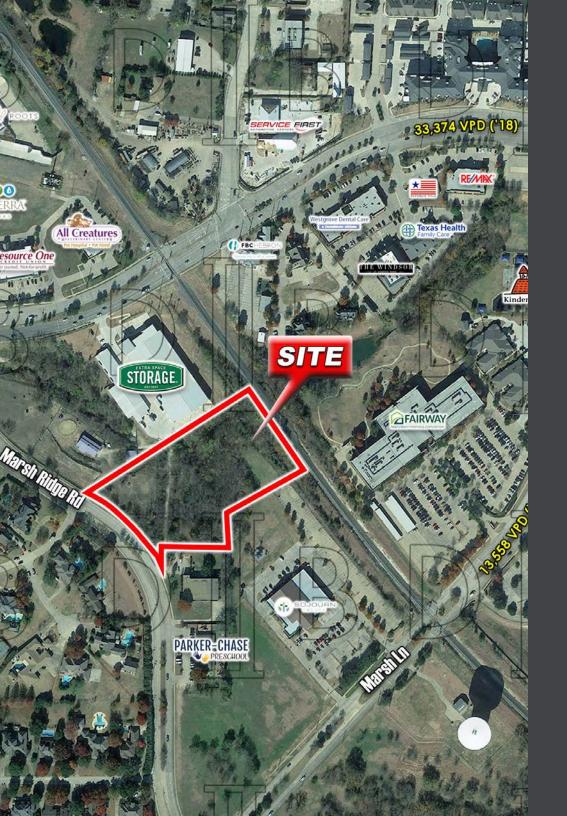
NWC - HIGHPOINT DR. & MARSH RIDGE RD. CARROLLTON, TX | DENTON COUNTY

RYAN TURNER

SPT SALLAD

RTurner@db2re.com 214.526.3626 x 105 SIMON BEAKLEY EMail@db2re.com 214.526.3626 x 122

Any projections used are speculative in nature and do not represent the current or have performance of the site and therefore should not be readed upon. We make no guarantee or warranty regarding the information contained in his flyer. You and your advices should perform a detailed, independent, investation of the property to determine whether it meters varia stratification and the present the current of data and a speculation in a regimentation or warranty with respect to the current of dataward and data and a speculation in a regimentation or warranty with respect to the accuracy of the Submission items, and data and based and dataward and dataward and the submission items and data and a special straties and the submission items and data and data



PROPERTY INFORMATION

SIZE: ± 4.38 AC



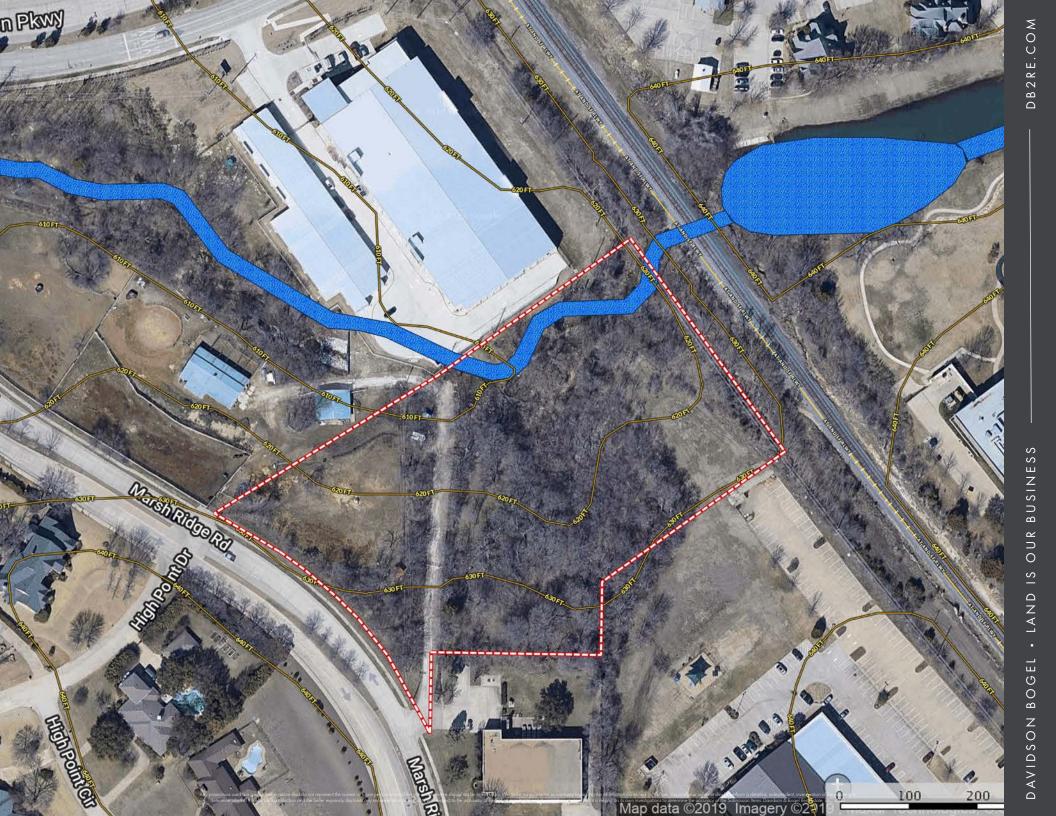
TRAFFIC COUNTS: Hebron Pkwy: 33,374 VPD Marsh Ln: 13,558 VPD

ZONING: Office District (0-2)

DEMOGRAPHICS

	1 Mile	3 Miles	5 Miles
2024 Population	9,776	144,297	335,659
% Proj Growth 2024- 2029	-0.08%	0.15%	0.37%
2024 Average HH Income	\$105,174	\$88,627	\$96,601
2024 Median HH Income	\$149,341	\$131,486	\$ 137,787

rojections used are speculative in nature and do not represent the current or huture performance at the site and therefore should not be released upon. We make no guarantee or warronty regarding the information end in fish figher, too and your advance should perform a detailed, independent interstigation of the property to determine whether it meets your satisfaction and the Sather greases) disclaims any representation warronty with respect to the accuracy of the Submission Items, and Buyer acknowledges that It is relying on its own investigations to determine the accuracy of the Submission Items, and Buyer acknowledges that It is relying on its own investigations to determine the accuracy of the Submission Items.



ART. XII (O) OFFICE DISTRICTS

ARTICLE XII. (O-1, O-2, O-3, O-4) OFFICE DISTRICT REGULATIONS

SECTION A PURPOSE.

- 1. The (O-1, O-2, O-3, O-4) Office Districts are established to create restrictive districts for attractive, low to moderate density office and professional uses.
- 2. The uses allowed in these districts should not have an adverse effect on adjacent residential areas, and may be located close to all types of residential uses, with appropriate buffers and landscaping. Uses with excessive amounts of traffic, noise, or late night hours are not suitable for these districts.
- 3. Office buildings in excess of four stories, or high intensity office or commercial uses are not appropriate for location within an (O-1, O-2, O-3, O-4) Office District.

SECTION B. PRINCIPAL AND ACCESSORY USES.

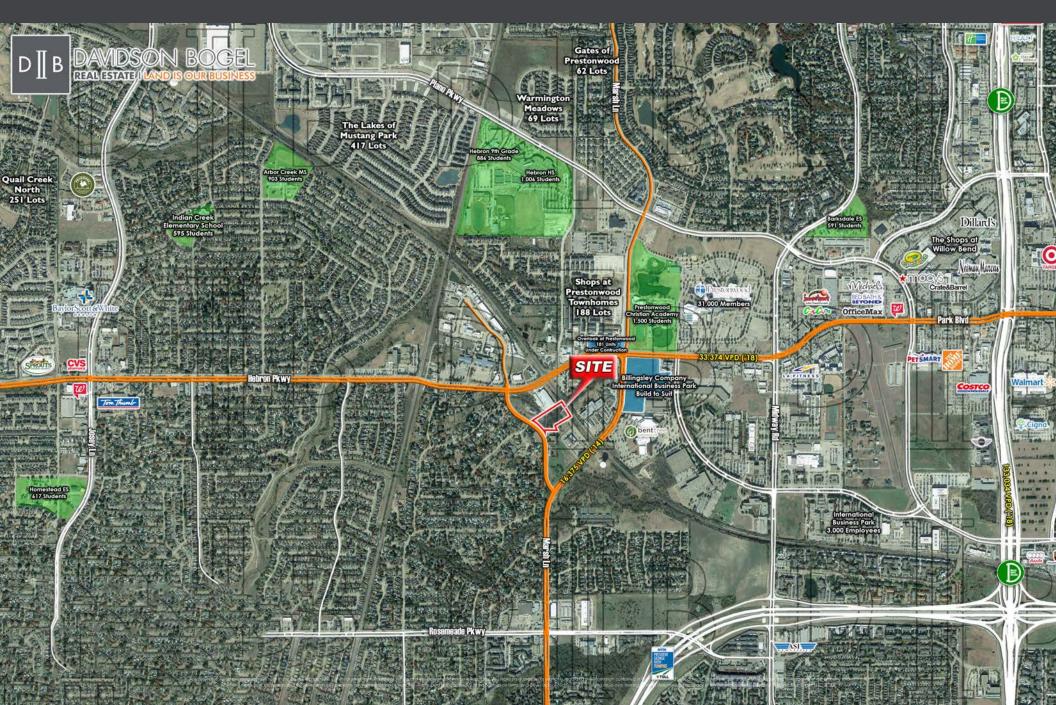
No land shall be used and no structure shall be erected for, converted to, or used for any principal or accessory use other than such uses as are allowed in any (O) Office District, in accordance with Article V of this ordinance. (Ord. No. 1705, 05/07/91)

- 1. ABOVEGROUND STORAGE OF FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS: (Ord. No. 2338, 06/16/98)
 - a. Outside aboveground storage of flammable or combustible liquids, quantities of less than 1,000 gallons or less, shall be allowed as an accessory use only on the premises of a governmental, communication, educational or utility service use which is permitted in these districts. The aboveground storage device, if visible from the street, shall be screened by evergreen shrubs, planted a maximum of five feet on center, minimum six feet in height at time of planting.
 - b. The following shall be allowed as an accessory use in the (O) Office District upon approval of a Special Use Permit in accordance with Article XXI of this ordinance:
 - i. Outside aboveground storage of flammable or combustible liquids, quantities between 1,001 gallons and 10,000 gallons shall be allowed as an accessory use only on the premises of a governmental, communication, educational or utility service use is permitted in these districts. The aboveground storage device, if visible from the street, shall be screened by evergreen shrubs, planted a maximum of five feet on center, minimum six feet in height at time of planting.
 - c. Outside aboveground storage of flammable or combustible liquids, quantities greater than 10,000 gallons, shall be permitted in accordance with Article V of this ordinance.

CARROLLTON COMPREHENSIVE ZONING ORDINANCE Updated January 2019

HIGHPOINT DR. & MARSH RIDGE RD.

WIDE AERIAL



HIGHPOINT DR. & MARSH RIDGE RD.

DISCLAIMER

APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION FOR VOLUNTARY USE.

TEXAS LAW REQUIRES ALL REAL ESTATE LICENSEES TO GIVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ABOUT BROKERAGE SERVICES TO PROSPECTIVE BUYERS, TENANTS, SELLERS AND LANDLORDS. (01A TREC NO. OP-K)

INFORMATION ABOUT BROKERAGE SERVICES:

Before working with a real estate broker, you should know that the duties of a broker depend on whom the broker represents. If you are a prospective seller or landlord (owner) or a prospective buyer or tenant (buyer), you should know that the broker who lists the property for sale or lease is the owner's agent. A broker who acts as a subagent represents the owner in cooperation with the listing broker. A broker who acts as a buyer's agent represents the buyer. A broker may act as an intermediary between the parties if the parties consent in writing. A broker can assist you in locating a property, preparing a contract or lease, or obtaining financing without representing you. A broker is obligated by law to treat you honestly.

IF THE BROKER REPRESENTS THE OWNER:

The broker becomes the owner's agent by entering into an agreement with the owner, usually through a written - listing agreement, or by agreeing to act as a subagent by accepting an offer of subagency from the listing broker. A subagent may work in a different real estate office. A listing broker or subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first. The buyer should not tell the owner's agent anything the buyer would not want the owner to know because an owner's agent must disclose to thew owner any material information known to the agent.

IF THE BROKER REPRESENTS THE BUYER:

The broker becomes the buyer's agent by entering into an agreement to represent the buyer, usually through a written buyer representation agreement. A buyer's agent can assist the owner but does not represent the owner and must place the interests of the buyer first. The owner should not tell a buyer's agent anything the owner would not want the buyer to know because a buyer's agent must disclose to the buyer any material information known to the agent.

IF THE BROKER ACTS AS AN INTERMEDIARY:

A broker may act as an intermediary between the parties if the broker complies with The Texas Real Estate License Act. The broker must obtain the written consent of each party to the transaction to act as an intermediary. The written consent must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. The broker is required to treat each party honestly and fairly and to comply with The Texas Real Estate License Act. A broker who acts as an intermediary in a transaction:

(1) shall treat all parties honestly;

(2) may not disclose that the owner will accept a price less than the asking price unless authorized in writing to do so by the owner; buyer: and

(3) may not disclose that the buyer will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer unless authorized in writing to do so by the buyer; and

(4) may not disclose any confidential information or any information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose unless authorized in writing to disclose the information or required to do so by The Texas Real Estate License Act or a court order or if the information materially relates to the condition of the property. With the parties' consent, a broker acting as an intermediary between the parties may appoint a person who is licensed under The Texas Real Estate License Act and associated with the broker to communicate with and carry out instructions of one party and another person who is licensed under that Act and associated with the broker to communicate with and carry out instructions of the other party.

IF YOU CHOOSE TO HAVE A BROKER REPRESENT YOU:

You should enter into a written agreement with the broker that clearly establishes the broker's obligations and your obligations. The agreement should state how and by whom the broker will be paid. You have the right to choose the type of representation, if any, you wish to receive. Your payment of a fee to a broker does not necessarily establish that the broker represents you. If you have any questions regarding the duties and responsibilities of the broker, you should resolve those questions before proceeding.

DAVIDSON BOGEL REAL ESTATE, LLC	9004427	INFO@DB2RE.COM	214-526-3626
LICENSED BROKER / BROKER FIRM NAME	LICENSE NO.	EMAIL	PHONE
MICHAEL EDWARD BOGEL II	598526	EBOGEL@DB2RE.COM	214-526-3626
DESIGNATED BROKER OF FIRM	LICENSE NO.	EMAIL	PHONE
CHRISTOPHER RYAN TURNER	672133	RTURNER@DB2RE.COM	214-526-3626
LICENSED SUPERVISOR OF SALES AGENT/ ASSOCIATE	LICENSE NO.	EMAIL	PHONE
SIMON BEAKLEY	653368	SBEAKLEY@DB2RE.COM	214-526-3626
SALES AGENT/ASSOCIATE'S NAME	LICENSE NO.	EMAIL	PHONE



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client: and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner. usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly:
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and 0
- any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to 0 disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES. ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Davidson Bogel Real Estate, LLC	9004427	info@db2re.com	214-526-3626
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Michael Edward Bogel II	598526	ebogel@db2re.com	214-526-3626
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Christopher Ryan Turner	672133	rturner@db2re.com	214-526-3626
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone

Buver/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials

Date

Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

Information available at www.trec.texas.gov IABS 1-0



11-2-2015

Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client: and
- · Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner. usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price:
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and 0
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to 0 disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Davidson Bogel Real Estate, LLC	9004427	info@db2re.com	214.526.3626
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Michael Edward Bogel II	598526	ebogel@db2re.com	214.526.3626
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Simon Beakley	653368	sbeakley@db2re.com	214.526.3626
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Buyer/Te	nant/Seller/Landlord	Initials Date	

Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

IABS 1-0

11-2-2015